



PREP-CHEM-SRC

A preprocessor of trace gas and aerosol emission fields for regional and global atmospheric chemistry models

User's Guide for version 1.5
March 2016

Valter Oliveira, Saulo R. Freitas, Rafael S. Santos Lima,
Marcelo F. Alonso, Megan M. Bela, Rafael Fonseca,
Madeleine S. Gácita, Karla M. Longo, Denis Eiras

Email: brams@cptec.inpe.br

WEB: <http://brams.cptec.inpe.br>
meioambiente.cptec.inpe.br

1. Introduction

PREP-CHEM-SRC is a pollutant emissions numerical tool developed at CPTEC/INPE whose function is to create data of atmospheric pollutant emissions from biomass burning, photosynthesis or other forest transformation processes, combustion of oil-based products by vehicles or industry, charcoal production, and many other processes.

The system is maintained and developed at CPTEC/INPE by the GMAI group, which not only updates versions of data such as EDGAR, RETRO, MEGAN, etc., but also implements new functionalities such as volcanic emissions which is present now in this version.

The purpose of this guide is to present how to install, compile and run the pre-processor. Finally, the steps for utilizing the emissions data in the CCATT-BRAMS, WRF-Chem and FIM-Chem models are presented.

We recommend that you read the article “PREP-CHEM-SRC – 1.0: a preprocessor of trace gas and aerosol emission fields for regional and global atmospheric chemistry models” (Freitas et al., 2010 - <http://www.geosci-model-dev.net/4/419/2011/gmd-4-419-2011.pdf>).

2. Structure

PREP-CHEM-SRC is comprised of 5 principal directories:

- a) **aux_src** – contains modules and libraries from the BRAMS model on which the compilation of PREP-CHEM-SRC depends;
- b) **bin** – contains the input file *prep_chem_sources.inp* and the *build* directory which contains the necessary files for compilation;
- c) **extra** – contains files and programs that can be utilized by the users such as *convert_emiss* for WRF-Chem;
- d) **src** – contains the source code for the emissions model;
- e) **test** – contains scripts files for generation of multiple emissions;

The README contains brief instructions on how to compile PREP-CHEM-SRC.

3. Install Libraries

Libraries for PREP-CHEM-SRC version 1.5

a) NetCDF

You may download file from [ftp://ftp.unidata.ucar.edu/pub/netcdf/netcdf-4.1.3.tar.gz](http://ftp.unidata.ucar.edu/pub/netcdf/netcdf-4.1.3.tar.gz):

→ `wget ftp://ftp.unidata.ucar.edu/pub/netcdf/netcdf-4.1.3.tar.gz`

Go to a temporary directory and unzip the file netcdf-4.1.3.tar.gz.

→ `tar -zxvf netcdf-4.1.3.tar.gz`

Go to the netcdf-4.1.3 directory created in the process of unpacking.

```
→ cd netcdf-4.1.3
```

For the configuration process of the library, use the command:

```
→ FC=ifort CC=icc ./configure --prefix=/curso/lib/netcdf-4.1.3  
--enable-fortran --disable-netcdf-4 --disable-shared
```

Where:

- prefix must be an preferred user libraries directory. Make sure you can write on this directory;
- FC: the fortran compiler;

For the compilation process:

```
→ make  
→ make install
```

b) Zlib

You may download file from <http://zlib.net/zlib-1.2.8.tar.gz>:

```
→ wget http://zlib.net/zlib-1.2.8.tar.gz
```

Go to a temporary directory and unzip the file:

```
→ tar -zxvf zlib-1.2.8.tar.gz
```

Enter the zlib-1.2.8 directory created in the process of unpacking:

```
→ cd zlib-1.2.8.
```

For the configuration process of the library, use the command:

```
→ FC=ifort CC=icc ./configure --prefix=/dados/curso/lib/zlib-1.2.8
```

Where:

- prefix must be an preferred user libraries directory;
- FC: the fortran compiler;
- CC: the C compiler.

For the compilation process:

```
→ make
```

Please check the build.

```
→ make check
```

After going through all the tests without error messages, install the library.

```
→ make install
```

c) HDF5

You may download source code from

<http://www.hdfgroup.org/HDF5/release/obtain5.html>, choosing the last version of Stable builds, currently <http://www.hdfgroup.org/ftp/HDF5/current/src/hdf5-1.8.16.tar>

Get the file:

```
→ wget http://www.hdfgroup.org/ftp/HDF5/current/src/hdf5-1.8.16.tar
```

Unzip the file:

```
→ tar -xvf hdf5-1.8.16.tar
```

Go to the directory hdf5-1.8.13 created in the process of unpacking.

```
→ cd hdf5-1.8.16
```

For the process of configuration and installation of the library is necessary for the zlib library is already properly installed.

For the configuration process of the library, use the command:

```
→ FC=ifort F77=ifort F90=ifort CC=icc CXX=icpc ./configure  
--prefix=/dados/curso/lib/hdf5-1.8.16 --with-zlib=/dados/curso/lib/zlib-1.2.8 --disable-shared --enable-fortran
```

Where:

- prefix must be an preferred user libraries directory;
- FC: the fortran compiler: ifort, gfortran ...
- F77: the fortran 77 or compatible compiler: ifort, gfortran ...;
- F90: the fortran 90 or compatible compiler: ifort, gfortran ...;
- CC: C compiler: icc, gcc ...
- CCX: C++ compiler: icpc, g++ ...

For the compilation process:

```
→ make
```

Please check the build.

```
→ make check
```

After going through all the tests without error messages, install the library.

```
→ make install
```

4. Step-by-step installation:

a) PHASE I – Download the PREP-CHEM-SRC-1.5 and the input files

- Download the PREP-CHEM-SRC-1.5.tar.gz at <http://brams.cptec.inpe.br/input-data/>, at Chemical section.
- Surface and some emission data for testing could be downloaded from ftp://ftp1.cptec.inpe.br/brams/data-brams/prep-chem/global_emissions_v3_24aug2015.tar.gz

Please refer to <http://brams.cptec.inpe.br/input-data/> to download more emission data.

b) PHASE II – compile PREP-CHEM-SRC

- Go to the bin/build directory:

→ `cd PREP-CHEM-SRC-1.5/bin/build`

- Edit the include.mk.intel file (or include.mk.gfortan, or include.mk.pgi, depending on which compiler was used):

→ `gedit include.mk.intel`

- Alter the following variables¹:

```
NETCDF = /dados/curso/lib/netcdf-4.1.3
NETCDF_LIBS = -L$(NETCDF)/lib -lnetcdff -lnetcdf

HDF5=/dados/curso/lib/hdf5-1.8.16
HDF5_INC=-I$(HDF5)/include
HDF5_LIB=-L$(HDF5)/lib -lhdf5hl_fortran -lhdf5_fortran -lhdf5_hl
-lhdf5 -L/dados/curso/lib/zlib-1.2.8/lib -lz -ldl
F_COMP = ifort
C_COMP = icc
LOADER = ifort
C_LOADER = icc
```

or gfortran, pgi compiler instead.

- Compile the code by running Makefile

For BRAMS:

→ `make OPT=intel CHEM=RELACS_TUV AER=SIMPLE`

¹ For advanced modifications, consult the table in appendix A.

For BRAMS with MATRIX:

```
→ make OPT=intel CHEM=RELACS_MX AER=MATRIX
```

For WRF-Chem/FIM-Chem:

```
→ make OPT=intel.wrf CHEM=RADM_WRF_FIM AER=SIMPLE
```

c) PHASE III – verifying and running PREP-CHEM-SRC

- Go to the bin directory

```
→ cd bin
```

- Create a symbolic link to the UserData directory:

```
→ ln -s /dados/curso/fontes/PREP-CHEM-SRC-1.5/extra/UserData
```

- Extract data:

```
→ tar -zxvf global_emissions_v3_24aug2015.tar.gz
```

- Move the extracted data files in a directory, i.e. /dados/curso/datain
- Create a symbolic link to data files (/dados/curso/datain). This link will be used in prep_chem_sources.inp:

```
→ ln -s /dados/curso/datain datain
```

NOTE: observe 2 files in particular:

- **prep_chem_sources.inp** – input namelist. It contains the grid configurations, input data and other resources for the creation of the emissions map used in the CCATT-BRAMS model;
- **prep_chem_sources_<chemical mechanism>.exe** – executable created by the compilation conducted in phase II;

- Verify the content of the prep_chem_sources.inp input file:

```
→ gedit prep_chem_sources.inp
```

```
$RP_INPUT
!#####
! CCATT-BRAMS/MCGA-CPTEC/WRF-Chem/FIM-Chem emission models CPTEC/INPE
! version 1.5: Mar 2015
! contact: gmai@cppec.inpe.br - http://meioambiente.cppec.inpe.br
!#####
```

```

!----- grid_type of the grid output
grid_type= 'll',
rams_anal_prefix = '../ANL/OPQUE',
!----- date of emission
ihour=00,
iday=27,
imon=01,
iyear=2014,
!----- select the sources datasets to be used
use_retro=0, ! 1 = yes, 0 = not
retro_data_dir='./datain/EMISSION_DATA/RETRO/anthro',
use_edgar =0, ! 0 - not,
             ! 1 - Version 3,
             ! 2 - Version 4 for some species
             ! 3 - Version HTAP
edgar_data_dir='./datain/EMISSION_DATA/EDGAR/anthro/hdf',
use_gocart=0,
gocart_data_dir='./datain/EMISSION_DATA/GOCART/emissions',
use_streets =0,
streets_data_dir='./datain/EMISSION_DATA/STREETS',
use_seac4rs =0,
seac4rs_data_dir='./datain/EMISSION_DATA/SEAC4RS',

use_fwbawb =0,
fwbawb_data_dir ='./datain/EMISSION_DATA/Emissions_Yevich_Logan',
use_bioge =0, ! 1 - geia, 2 - megan
             ! ######
             ! # BIOGENIC = 1
bioge_data_dir ='./datain/EMISSION_DATA/biogenic_emissions',
             ! # MEGAN = 2
             ! #####
             !bioge_data_dir='./datain/EMISSION_DATA/MEGAN/2000',
             ! #####
use_gfedv2=0,
gfedv2_data_dir='./datain/EMISSION_DATA/GFEDv2-8days',
use_bbem=1,
use_bbem_plumerise=0,
!-----
!----- if the merging of gfedv2 with bbem is desired (=1, yes, 0 = no)
merge_GFEDv2_bbem =0,
!----- Fire product for BBBEM/BBBEM-plumerise emission models
bbem_wfabba_data_dir ='./datain/EMISSION_DATA/FIRES/GOES/f',
bbem_modis_data_dir ='./datain/EMISSION_DATA/FIRES/MODIS/Fires',
bbem_inpe_data_dir ='./datain/EMISSION_DATA/FIRES/DSA/Focos',
bbem_extra_data_dir ='NONE',
!----- veg type data set (dir + prefix)
veg_type_data_dir ='./datain/SURFACE_DATA/GL_IGBP_INPE_39classes/IGBP',
!----- vcf type data set (dir + prefix)
use_vcf = 0,
vcf_type_data_dir ='./datain/SURFACE_DATA/VCF/data_out/2005/VCF',
!----- olson data set (dir + prefix)
olson_data_dir ='./datain/EMISSION_DATA/OLSON2/OLSON',
!----- carbon density data set (dir + prefix)
carbon_density_data_dir='./datain/SURFACE_DATA/GL_OGE_INPE/OGE',
fuel_data_dir      ='./datain/EMISSION_DATA/Carbon_density_Saatchi/amazon_biomass_final.gra',
!----- gocart background
use_gocart_bg=0,

```

```

gocart_bg_data_dir='./datain/EMISSION_DATA/GOCART',
!----- volcanoes emissions
use_volcanoes =0,
volcano_index =1143, !REDOUBT

use_these_values='NONE',
! define a text file for using external values for INJ_HEIGHT, DURATION,
! MASS ASH (units are meters - seconds - kilograms) and the format for
begin_ereruption='201303280000', !begin time UTC of eruption YYYYMMDDhhmm

!----- degassing volcanoes emissions
use_degass_volcanoes =0,
degass_vvolc_data_dir ='./datain/EMISSION_DATA/VOLC_SO2',

!----- user specific emissions directory
!----- Update for South America megacities
user_data_dir='NONE',

!-----
pond=1, ! mad/mfa 0 -> molar mass weighted
! 1 -> Reactivity weighted

!----- for grid type 'll' or 'gg' only
grid_resolucao_lon=1.0,
grid_resolucao_lat=1.0,

nlat=320, ! if gg (only global grid)
lon_beg = -180., ! (-180.:+180.) long-begin of the output file
lat_beg = -90., ! ( -90.:+90. ) lat -begin of the output file
delta_lon = 360, ! total long extension of the domain (360 for global)
delta_lat = 180, ! total lat extension of the domain (180 for global)

!----- For regional grids (polar or lambert)

NGRIDS = 1, ! Number of grids to run

NNXP = 150,50,86,46, ! Number of x gridpoints
NNYP = 90,50,74,46, ! Number of y gridpoints
NXTNEST = 0,1,1,1, ! Grid number which is the next coarser grid
DELTAX = 111487., ! X and Y grid spacing
DELTAY = 111487., ! Nest ratios between this grid and the next coarser grid.
NSTRATX = 1,2,3,4, ! x-direction
NSTRATY = 1,2,3,4, ! y-direction

NINEST = 1,10,0,0, ! Grid point on the next coarser
NJNEST = 1,10,0,0, ! nest where the lower southwest
! corner of this nest will start.
! If NINEST or NJNEST = 0, use CENTLAT/LON
POLELAT = 85., !-89.99, ! If polar, latitude/longitude of pole point
POLELON = 0., ! If lambert, lat/lon of grid origin (x=y=0.)

STDLAT1 = 0., ! If polar for BRAMS, use 90.0 in STDLAT2
STDLAT2 = -60., ! If lambert, standard latitudes of projection
! (truelat2/truelat1 from namelist.wps, STDLAT1 < STDLAT2)
! If mercator STDLAT1 = 1st true latitude
CENTLAT = 85., !-89.99, -23., 27.5, 27.5,
CENTLON = 0., -46., -80.5, -80.5,

!----- model output domain for each grid (only set up for rams)
lati = -90., -90., -90.,
latf = +90., +90., +90.,
loni = -180., -180., -180.,
lonf = 180., 180., 180.,

!----- project rams grid (polar sterogr) to lat/lon: 'YES' or 'NOT'
proj_to_ll='YES',

!----- output file prefix (may include directory other than the current)
chem_out_prefix = 'matrixfire',
chem_out_format = 'vfm',
!----- convert to WRF/CHEM (yes,not)
special_output_to_wrf = 'NO',

```

\$END

- After the configuration of prep_chem_sources.inp, run the executable for the RELACS mechanism:

For BRAMS:

```
→ ./prep_chem_sources_RELACS_TUV_SIMPLE.exe
```

For BRAMS with MATRIX:

```
→ ./prep_chem_sources_RELACS_MX_MATRIX.exe
```

For WRF-Chem/FIM-Chem:

```
→ ./prep_chem_sources_RADM_WRF_FIM_SIMPLE.exe
```

- List the files again and observe that some files were created (.ctl, .vfm and .gra)
→ `ls`

NOTE: if WRF-Chem output was selected (`special_output_to_wrf = 'YES'`), then the following binary files should be produced:

```
WRF-$year-$mo-$day-000000-g1-ab.bin (anthropogenic plus MEGAN climatology  
if use_bioge =2)  
WRF-$year-$mo-$day-000000-g1-bb.bin (biomass burning)  
WRF-$year-$mo-$day-000000-g1-gocartBG.bin (GOCART background)
```

- Open the .ctl and .gra files in GRADS in order to visualize some pollutants:

```
→ grads -blc "open created_file.ctl"
```

- **Some basic commands in the GRADS program**

Command	Description
d "parameter" (ex: d CO)	Plots the field generated on the display
set lat "latitude" / set lon "longitude" (ex: set lat -30; set lon -57)	Plots at a latitude and longitude of interest
set lat "starting latitude" "final latitude" set lat "starting longitude" "final longitude" (set lon -110 -77) (set lat -90 90)	Plots an area of interest
set lev "level"	Chooses a specify vertical level to display

clear	Clears the display
set gxout contour set gxout shaded set gxout grfill	Contour plot Shaded contour plot Same as shaded except that each grid box is filled
set mpdset mres	Plots the political map
set t "time"	Gives the last time of the currently open file

d) PHASE IV – Using the emissions data in the BRAMS, WRF-Chem or FIM-Chem atmospheric models

- **BRAMS**

In order for the BRAMS model to be able to use the emissions model map, the .vfm file must be present in the directory specified in RAMSIN.

This can be done in two ways:

- 1) Moving the file or the files to the created datain/COND_SRC directory, or
- 2) Creating symbolic links in the specific area of BRAMS to this directory.

In order to facilitate the use of the chemical mechanisms we suggest the second method.

- **WRF-Chem**

In order to use the emissions data in WRF-Chem, the binary files produced by PREP-CHEM-SRC (*-ab.bin, *-bb.bin, *-gocartBG.bin) must be converted to netCDF using the *convert_emiss* program.

After compiling WRF-Chem, compile *convert_emiss.exe*:

```
→ cd WRFV3.3
→ ./compile emiss_conv
```

For each day (\$year-\$mo-\$day-00), run *real.exe* with *chem_opt=0* and start and end time set to \$year-\$mo-\$day-00 to generate a *wrfinput_d01* file with timestamp for that day.

```
→ ./real.exe
```

Link PREP-CHEM-SRC-1.5 emissions to WRF run directory:

```

→ ln -sf PREP-CHEM-SRC-1.5/bin/WRF-$year-$mo-$day-000000-g1-gocartBG.bin
wrf_gocart_backg
→ ln -sf PREP-CHEM-SRC-1.5/bin/WRF-$year-$mo-$day-000000-g1-ab.bin
emisssopt3_d01
→ ln -sf PREP-CHEM-SRC-1.5/bin/WRF-$year-$mo-$day-000000-g1-bb.bin
emissfire_d01

```

Run convert_emiss:

```
→ ./chem/convert_emiss.exe
```

Rename output to include the date:

```

→ mv wrfchemi_d01 wrfchemi_d01_{$year}-$mo-${da}_00:00:00
→ mv wrffirechemi_d01 wrffirechemi_d01_{$year}-$mo-${da}_00:00:00
→ mv wrfchemi_gocart_bg_d01 wrfchemi_gocart_bg_d01_{$year}-$mo-
{da}_00:00:00

```

Double-check your namelist settings:

```

&time_control
  io_form_auxinput5          = 2 ; netCDF format for anthropogenic
emissions
  io_form_auxinput7          = 2 ; netCDF format for biomass burning
emissions
  io_form_auxinput8          = 2 ; netCDF format for GOCART emissions
auxinput5_interval_m        = 1440,1440 ; daily emissions
auxinput7_interval_m        = 1440,1440
auxinput8_interval_m        = 1440,1440
frames_per_auxinput7        = 1,1 ; one file per day
frames_per_auxinput7        = 1,1
frames_per_auxinput8        = 1,1
/
&chem
  kemit                      = 1, ; surface emissions only
  io_style_emissions          = 2, ; Date/time specific emissions
data files used
  emiss_inpt_opt              = 1,           1, ; RADM2/SORGAM
speciation
  emiss_opt                  = 5,           5, ; GOCART RACM_KPP
emissions
  biomass_burn_opt            = 1,           1,
  plumerisefire_frq           = 120,         120,
/

```

Now you are ready to run WRF-Chem.

- **FIM-Chem**

5. IMPORTANT NOTES:

- When changing the compiler for the PREP-CHEM-SRC compilation (in case one uses a different version from the tutorial) make the change in the *include* mentioned in phase II;

- Always remember to use the same chemical mechanism in all phases (SPACK (for BRAMS), PREP-CHEM-SRC and the atmospheric model - BRAMS, WRF-Chem or FIM-Chem);
- Question, bug reports and suggestions can be send to brams_help@cpptec.inpe.br

Appendix A

Table 1: Variables related with the compilation configuration.

Variables	Description and comments
MAKE	Defines the make utility to be used. Ex:/usr/bin/make
BASE	Base directory of the model.
LIBUTILS	Base directory of the internal libraries of the model.
NCARG_DIR (deprecated)	Base directory of the NCAR library
LIBNCARG (deprecated)	Name with which the NCAR library should be constructed.
HDF5_LIBS	Path to the HDF libraries and their dependencies.
CMACH	Defines the utilized architecture. Necessary for optimizations in some compilers.
F_COMP	Compiler responsible for generating objects based on the Fortran source code. Ex: /usr/bin/fort
C_COMP	Compiler responsible for generating objects based on the C source code. Ex: /usr/bin/gcc
LOADER	Compiler responsible for linking the generated objects. Ex: /usr/bin/fort
MOD_EXT	
F_OPTS	Fortran compilation flags. *Important* some flags can cause system malfunction.
C_OPTS	C compilation flags. *Important* some flags can cause system malfunction.
LOADER_OPTS	Fortran compilation flags. *Important* some flags can cause system malfunction.
PAR_DEFS	Informs the use of the mpicc and mpif90 scripts
ARCHIVE	Utility for the generation of libraries. Ex: ar rs

APPENDIX B

NOTE: Observe that this file has various input parameters for PREP-CHEM-SRC:

Parameters and examples	Description and comments
grid_type= 'polar',	<p>This parameter (character) defines the grid projection on which the emission fields will be generated. The options are:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> 'polar' = polar stereographic grid 'gg' = Gaussian grid 'll' = rectangular projection grid 'lambert'= Lambert conformal grid 'FIM' = FIM model icosahedral grid 'mercator' = Mercator grid
ihour=0, iday=12, imon=7, iyear=2004,	The emission date using GMT time. All parameters are integers.
use_retro=1, retro_data_dir='./Emission_data/RETRO/anthro', use_edgar=1, edgar_data_dir='./Emission_data/EDGAR/anthro',	To select the anthropogenic sources datasets to be used (1 = yes, 0 = not) and to provide the directory path where the corresponding input data is located. The parameters are integers and characters.
use_gocart=1, gocart_data_dir='./Emission_data/GOCART/emissions',	To define if GOCART emissions of OC, BC, SO2 and DMS will be used (1) or not (0) and the path where the raw data is located.
use_streets=1, streets_data_dir='./Emission_data/STREETS',	
use_seac4rs=1, seac4rs_data_dir='./Emission_data/SEAC4RS',	
use_bioge=1, bioge_data_dir='./Emission_data/biogenic_emissions',	To select the biogenic sources datasets to be used (0=not, 1=GEIA, 2=MEGAN) and the path where the original data is located.
use_fwbawb=0, fwbawb_data_dir='./Emission_data/fwbawb ',	To define if biofuel use and agricultural waste burning emissions will be used (1) or not (0), and the path where the raw data is located.
use_gfedv2=0, gfedv2_data_dir='./Emission_data/GFEDv2-8days',	To define if the GFEDv2 biomass burning inventory is to be used (=1) or not (=0) and the path where the raw

	data is located.
use_bbem=1, use_bbem_plumerise=1,	To define if the 3BEM biomass burning inventory and smoke plume rise parameters will be used (=1) or not(=0).
merge_GFEDv2_bbem=0,	Defines if the merging of GFEDv2 with 3BEM is desired (integer: 1=yes, 0=no). If yes, 3BEM is used over South America instead of GFEDv2.
bbem_wfabba_data_dir='./Emission_data/fires_data/WF_ABBA_v60/filt/f', bbem_modis_data_dir='./Emission_data/fires_data/MODIS/Fires.', bbem_inpe_data_dir='./Emission_data/fires_data/DSA/Focos', bbem_extra_data_dir='./Emission_data/fires_data/xx,	Fire products for 3BEM/3BEM-plumerise emission models: Path of WF_ABBA fire product. The filtered fire product is recommended. The last letter 'f' is the prefix of the file name. Path of MODIS fire product and the prefix of the file name ("Fires."). Path of INPE/DSA fire product and the prefix of the file name ("Focos"). Additional fire product provided by the user.
veg_type_data_dir='./surface_data/GL_IBGP_MODIS_INPE/MODIS'	Only for 3BEM: Land cover data set (dir + prefix)
carbon_density_data_dir='./surface_data/GL_OGE_INPE/OGE',	Only for 3BEM: Carbon density data set (dir + prefix)
fuel_data_dir='./surface_data/fuel/glc2000_fuel_load.nc',	Only for 3BEM: fuel load data provided by the user (dir + full file name).
USE_GOCART_BG=1, GOCART_BG_DATA_DIR='./Emission_data/GOCART',	GOCART background data for H2O2, OH and NO3 (only for WRF-Chem/FIM models with GOCART aerosol module)
USE_VOLCANOES=1, VOLCANO_INDEX=1450, USE_THESE_VALUES='NONE', BEGIN_ERUPTION='201004161200',	This section is to control emission of ASH by eruptive volcanoes. The data is based on Mastin et al. (2009). USE_VOLCANOES:1=yes,0=no (integer). VOLCANO_INDEX: the reference number (integer) of the volcano listed at Mastin et al. (2009) database. This number will provide through a look up table a set of default parameters for injection height, duration and emission of ash. USE_THESE_VALUES: (character) if 'none', Mastin et al. (2009) database will be used. If the user want to use a different set of numbers, them must be in text file with inj_height, duration,

	<p>mass ash (units are meters - seconds - kilograms). As example, a file named 'values.txt' with the text line: 11000. 10800. 1.5e10</p> <p>will replace the default values by these numbers by setting USE_THESE_VALUES='./values.txt'</p> <p>BEGIN_ERUPTION= begin time UTC of eruption YYYYMMDDhhmm</p>
USE_DEGASS_VOLCANOES=0, DEGASS_VOLC_DATA_DIR='./Emission_data/VOLC_SO2',	<p>This section is to control emission of SO2 by eruptive and non-eruptive volcanoes. The data is based on Diehl, 2009 and 2010 papers.</p> <p>USE_DEGASS_VOLCANOES=1=yes, 0=no (integer).</p> <p>DEGASS_VOLC_DATA_DIR: character designing the path of the directory where the raw data is.</p>
GRID_RESOLUCAO_LON=0.1, GRID_RESOLUCAO_LAT=0.1, NLAT=320, LON_BEG = -170., LAT_BEG = 40., DELTA_LON= 90., DELTA_LAT= 40.,	<p>This section is only for grid_type 'll' or 'gg'. The parameter 'nlat' is integer, all others are real.</p> <p>GRID_RESOLUCAO_LON and GRID_RESOLUCAO_LAT are the grid spacing in degrees.</p> <p>NLAT is the number of grids on the latitudinal direction for a Gaussian grid.</p> <p>LON_BEG and LAT_BEG are the longitude and latitude in degrees of the 1st grid box. The ranges are -180 to +180 and -90 to +90, respectively.</p> <p>DELTA_LON and DELTA_LAT are the total extension of the domain in degrees. Set 360 and 180 degrees for global domains, respectively.</p>
NGRIDS = 1, NNXP = 275,50,86,46, NNYP = 250,50,74,46, NXTNEST = 0,1,1,1, DELTAX = 5000., DELTAY = 5000., NSTRATX = 1,2,3,4, NSTRATY = 1,2,3,4, NINEST=1,10,0,0, NJNEST=1,10,0,0,	<p>This section is only for regional grids.</p> <p>NGRIDS (integer) is the number of grids to generate emissions.</p> <p>NNXP, NNYP (integer) are the number of x,y gridpoints for each desired grid.</p> <p>NXTNEST (integer) is grid number which is the next coarser grid.</p> <p>DELTAX, DELTAY (real) are the X and Y grid spacing (meters).</p> <p>NSTRATX, NSTRATY (integer) are the nest ratios between this grid and the</p>

<pre> POLELAT = 65., POLELON = -150., STDLAT1 = 65., STDLAT2 = 65., CENTLAT = 65.,-23., 27.5, 27.5, CENTLON = -150., -46.,-80.5, -80.5, </pre>	<p>next coarser grid.</p> <p>NINEST, NJNEST (integer) are the grid point on the next coarser nest where the lower southwest corner of this nest will start. If NINEST or NJNEST =0, use CENTLAT/CENTLON parameters.</p> <p>POLELAT, POLELON (real) are, if grid type is polar, the latitude (in degrees) of pole point. If lambert, lat/lon of grid origin (x=y=0.)</p> <p>STDLAT1, STDLAT2 (real, only for Lambert-Conformal) are standard latitudes of projection in degrees.</p> <p>CENTLAT, CENTLON are the center (latitude, longitude, in degrees) of each grid.</p>
<pre> PROJ_TO_LL='YES', LATI = -90., -90., -90., LATF = +90., +90., +90., LONI = -180., -180., -180., LONF = 180., 180., 180., </pre>	<p>This section is only for visualization using GrADS software.</p> <p>PROJ_TO_LL (character) is to define if a rectangular projection is desired: 'YES' or 'NOT'.</p> <p>LATI, LATF, LONI, LONF (real, degrees) are the corners of the emission output domain for each grid.</p>
<pre> CHEM_OUT_PREFIX = 'TEST-RACM', CHEM_OUT_FORMAT='vfm', CONVERT_TO_WRF = 'yes', </pre>	<p>CHEM_OUT_PREFIX: output file prefix (may include directory path)</p> <p>CHEM_OUT_FORMAT: the format of the output: use 'vfm' for CCATT-BRAMS, WRF-CHEM or FIM. Binary is also available by setting 'bin' or 'txt' for a text file. NetCDF is under implementation.</p> <p>CONVERT_TO_WRF: convert to WRF/CHEM ('yes' or 'not', character).</p>